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FROM ANTS

TO A(GE)NTS

The Wonderfully Weird World
of Multi-Agent Swarms

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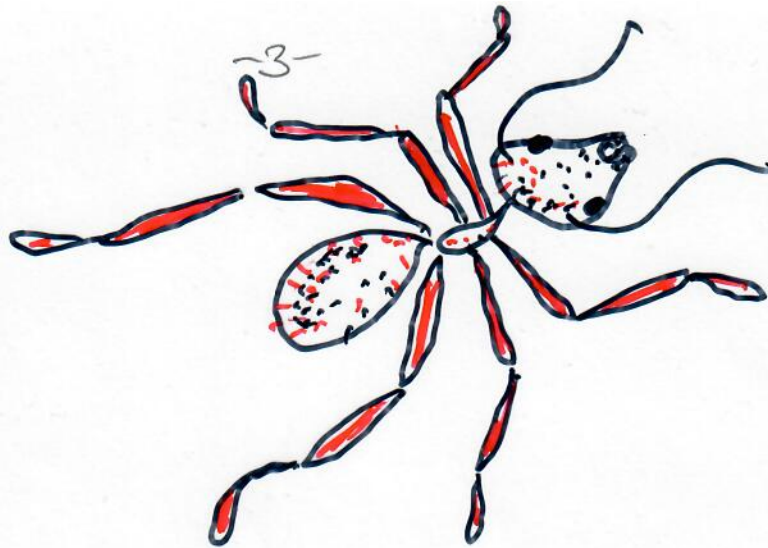


"GO TO THE ANT, THOU SLUGGARD
CONSIDER HER WAYS AND BE WISE
WHICH HAVING NO GUIDE OVERSEER
OR RULER - PROVIDETH HER MEAT
IN THE SUMMER AND GATHERETH
HER FOOD IN THE HARVEST..."

PROVERBS 6/6



ANTS



TRIVIA :



12000 named species,

0.7 - 52 millimeter sizes,

3/4 live in Jungles, 1/4 rest of the world
(except Antarctica),

eat everything,

biomass ($\approx$ 20% of all animals
higher than vertebrates!),

raise livestock ("aphids"),

grow fungi (leafcutter ants),

make war using "suicide bombers"
"trojan horses",

take slaves, raid other species
& other animal nests

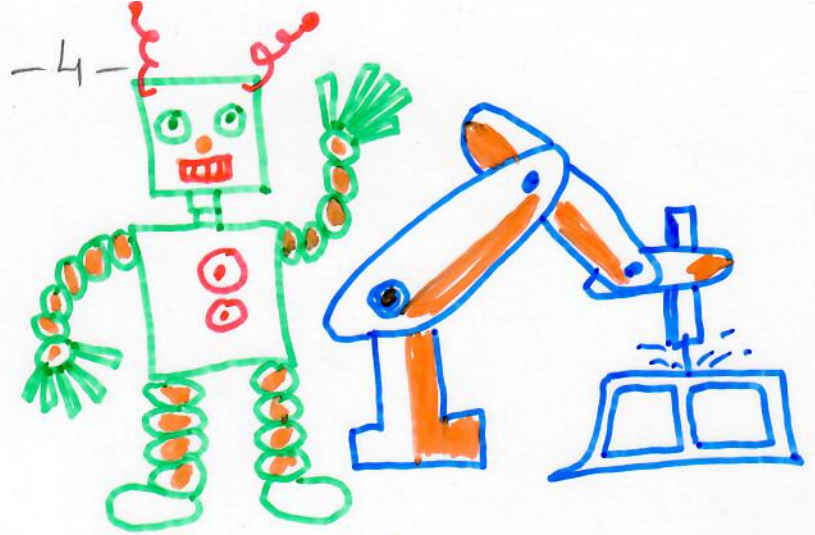
- LIVE IN "RUTHLESSLY EFFICIENT COLONIES" & operate

LIKE A SUPERORGANISM

- coordination & communication via HEROMONES

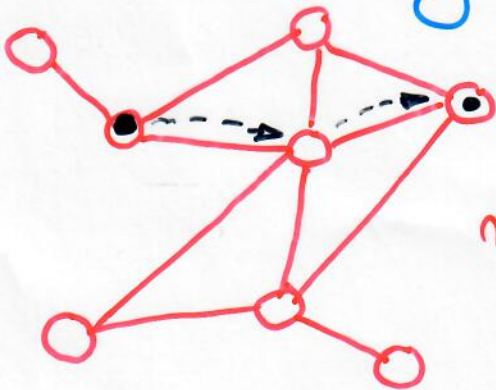
ROBOTS

TRIVIA



- man made machines
- name means "worker" (roboti)
introduced by Karel Čapek play
RUR (Rossum's Universal Robots)
(1921)
- popularized by Asimov
- not too many "species"
- consume electrical energy
and/or hydraulic power
- "few" sensing capabilities

More recently **BOTS** : "virtual artificial agents"

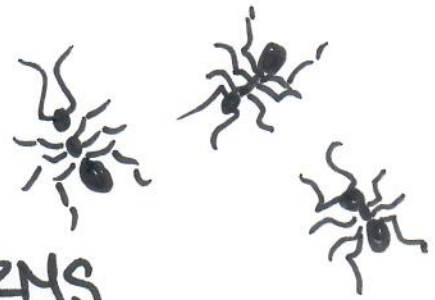


nanorobots : "chemical-biological agents"



RESEARCH ON

MULTI-AGENT SWARMS



CONSIDERS SYSTEMS OF INTERACTING
SIMPLE ROBOTS/BOTS/MOBILE AGENTS

WHERE

- AGENTS HAVE LIMITED CAPABILITIES
(identical, anonymous, oblivious -
i.e. limited memory - myopic - i.e. simple
local sensing, mute - i.e. no direct
communication, using pheromone signals or
traces in the environment)
- INTERACT ACCORDING TO FIXED RULES
OF SENSING BASED MOTION

AND AIMS TO EXPLORE THE

CAPABILITIES AND FUNDAMENTAL
LIMITATIONS OF SUCH SYSTEMS



ANT ROBOTICS

THE ROBOT ~ A(GE)NT

- can sense (A "see") others / objects in a small neighborhood
- can smell pheromones left in the environment (in its neighborhood)
- can move to a new location with a given speed

THE ENVIRONMENT

- a region in the plane or on a surface
 - an array of "rooms" - locations arranged on a grid
 - a connected network of computers
- ## THE INTERNET (a GRAPH)

ANT/SWARM ROBOTICS

INSPIRATION : • THE INSECT/ANIMAL SOCIETIES
• ANT COLONIES

PRINCIPLES : SIMPLE AGENTS

with limited capabilities

- Sensing
- communication
- action

EMERGENCE OF TASK

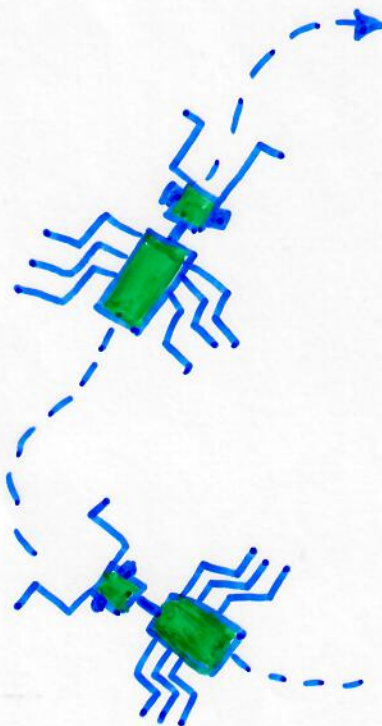
EXECUTION

by local interactions between the agents

USE OF ENVIRONMENT AS

A SHARED MEMORY RESOURCE

by using "pheromone" based interactions



- Reliability through Redundancy
- Scalability through Identical Agents

THE TASK / THE JOB TO BE DONE

- find a good path from START to END POINT (with/without obstacles)

→ NAVIGATION

- cover an area, i.e. visit all the region of interest (to search for something / to clear the region etc.)

→ COVERING

- to visit repeatedly all places in a region for surveillance, intruder detection etc.

→ PATROLLING

- to bring the agents together or to deploy them in a formation that is desired over the region of interest

→ GATHERING & SPREADING

My ENTRY TO THE TOPIC

"ONE QUESTION THAT I WONDERED ABOUT WAS WHY THE ANT TRAILS LOOK SO STRAIGHT AND NICE. THE ANTS LOOK AS IF THEY KNOW WHAT THEY ARE DOING, AS IF THEY HAVE A GOOD SENSE OF GEOMETRY. YET THE EXPERIMENTS THAT I DID TO TRY TO DEMONSTRATE THEIR SENSE OF GEOMETRY DIDN'T WORK"

R. P. FEYNMAN

Surely You're Joking, Mr Feynman
WW Norton Co, Inc, 1985

Feynman's Question led to a 1991/93 paper
and this paper led to the Technion

ANT-TEAM at the MARS Lab

- Dr Israel Wagner (IBM Research) (PhD)
- Prof Michael Lindenbaum (Technion CS)
- Dr Vladimir Yanovski (U Toronto) (MSc)
- Dr Noam Gordon (CamTek) (PhD)
- Dr Yaniv Altshuler (MIT-Media Lab) (PhD)
- Dr Eli Osherovich (Amazon) (MSc)
- Dr Yotam Elor (Finale) (PhD)
- Mr. Levi-Itzhak Bellaiche (MobilEye) (MSc)
- Mr David Dovrat (Technion) (MSc) → (PhD...)
- Mr Erez Brickner (HiTech) (MSc)
- Dr Rotem Manor (HiTech) (PhD)

-
- Mr Ariel Barel (PhD.....)
 - Ms Ilana Segall (PhD.....)
 - Mr Michael Amir (MSc) → (PhD....)
 - Mr Dmitry Rabinovich (MSc) → (PhD...)
 - Mr Roei Francos (MSc....)
 - Mr Gidi Elazar (?)



To ILLUSTRATE OUR WORK ON

MULTI-AGENT SWARMS

I SHALL PRESENT SOME EXAMPLES

AND DEMOS

1) "HAPPY PURSUITS"
or Why the Ant-Trails look So Straight & Nice

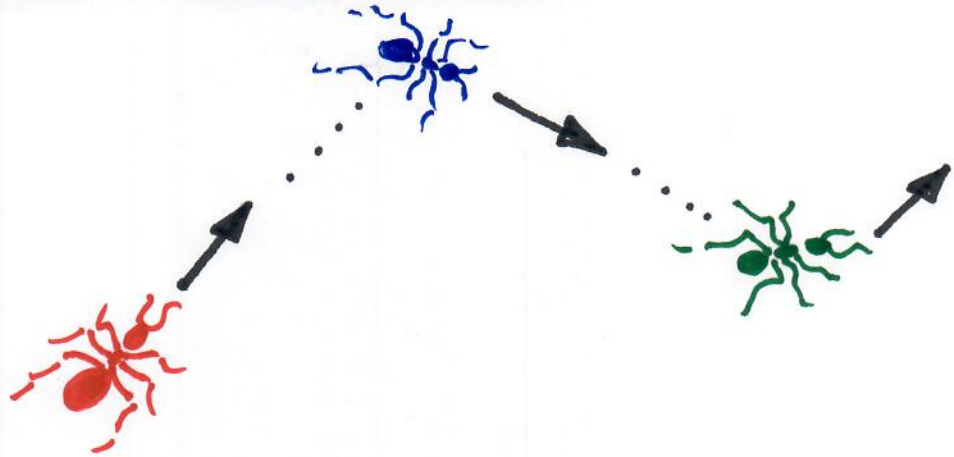
2) "COME TOGETHER"
or Gathering / Geometric Consensus

3) "COOPERATIVE CLEANING"
or How to Extinguish Stationary & Expanding Fires

4) "FAIR PATROLLING"
or Pheromone Based Collective Patrolling



"Happy Pursuits"

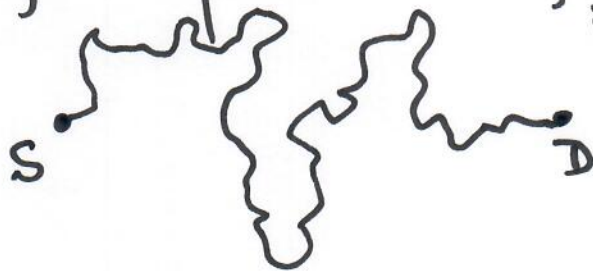


- The local interaction rule:
Chain Pursuit:

$$\frac{d}{dt} p_{n+1}(t) = (p_n(t) - p_{n+1}(t)) / \|p_n(t) - p_{n+1}(t)\|$$

(unit speed pursuit of the agent "ahead")

- The first "foraging agent finds a wiggly route from anthill to food $p_0(t)$; others follow at Δt intervals.



THEOREM:

The paths' of consecutive Ants converge to the straight line (geodesic) from S to D.

The proof of this result:

based on considering the length of paths $\{L_n - \text{distance from } S \text{ to } D\}$ and showing that $L_n - \text{dist}(S, D)$ is a positive, decreasing function, converging to 0, yielding a sequence of ants moving "straight from S to D ".

(In fact we have exponential decay to zero of the "excursions" of the paths $p_n(t)$ above & below the line from S to D !).

DEMO of ANTS in
CHAIN PURSUIT

"COME TOGETHER NOW" (The Beatles, 1969)

AGENTS IN SOME ENVIRONMENT MUST
MOVE SO AS TO GATHER AT A MEETING POINT
OR CLUSTER TOGETHER. THEY MUST DO THIS
BASED ON SIMPLE SENSING-BASED MOTION RULES.

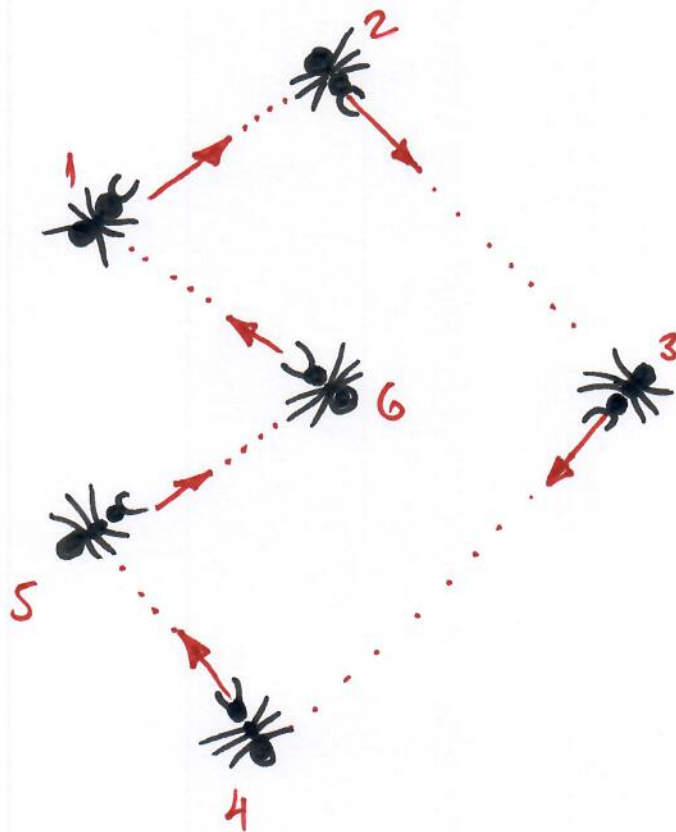


THE TASK IS ALSO CALLED

GEOMETRIC AGREEMENT
with distributed agents.

SOLUTIONS EXIST UNDER VARIOUS ASSUMPTIONS
ON AGENT SENSING & MOTION CAPABILITIES.

SOLUTION via CYCLIC PURSUIT



THEOREM : IN CYCLIC PURSUIT AGENTS GATHER
TO A COMMON POINT OF ENCOUNTER IN
FINITE TIME.

The proof here is based on considering the sum of distances between (cyclically) consecutive agents:

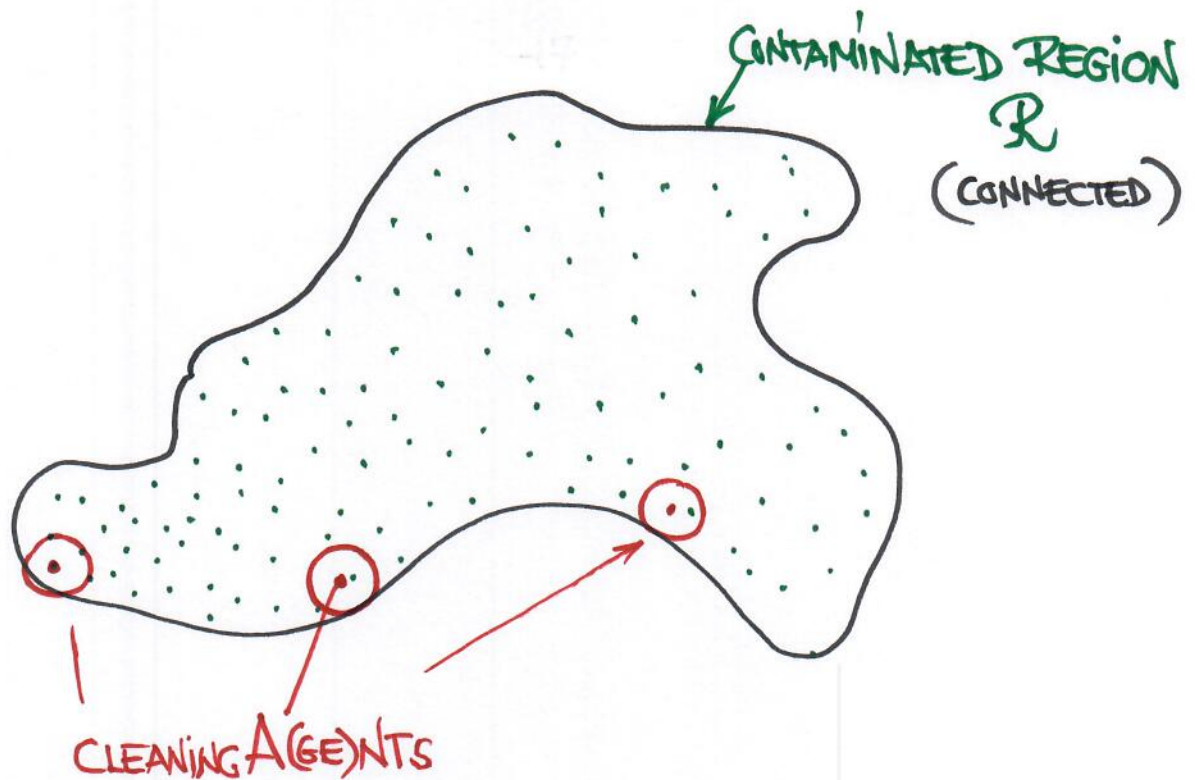
$$L(t) = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \text{distance}(A_k, A_{k+1 \pmod{N}})$$

as a Lyapunov function, and showing that while the agents are not collocated

- $\frac{d}{dt} L(t) \geq \delta > 0$, hence finite time convergence to a meeting point.

DEMO of ANTS in
CYCLIC PURSUIT

"COOPERATIVE CLEANING"



- AGENTS CAN SENSE "DIRT" AND CLEAN LOCALLY
- AGENTS ALL APPLY THE SAME RULE
 - CLEAN BOUNDARY PATCH IF THIS DOESN'T DISCONNECT $\mathcal{R}$ (IF ALONE ON PATCH)
 - MOVE TO NEARBY PATCH ON BOUNDARY
 - IF (OTHER AGENT MET) WAIT A RANDOM TIME INTERVAL & MOVE ON.

TWO VERSIONS

- STATIC CONTAMINATION
- SPREADING CONTAMINATION
(R expands!)

RESULTS:

- BOUNDS ON TIME TO CLEAN

for STATIC CONTAMINATION

R -shrinks to a patch where all agents find themselves at the end. # Agents control the rate of shrinking

- # OF AGENTS NECESSARY FOR (POSSIBLY) EXTINGUISHING THE "SPREADING FIRE".

given initial area ($R(t=0)$) & rates of

- # OF AGENTS SUFFICIENT FOR ^{spread & agent work.} EXTINGUISHING "THE SPREADING FIRE"

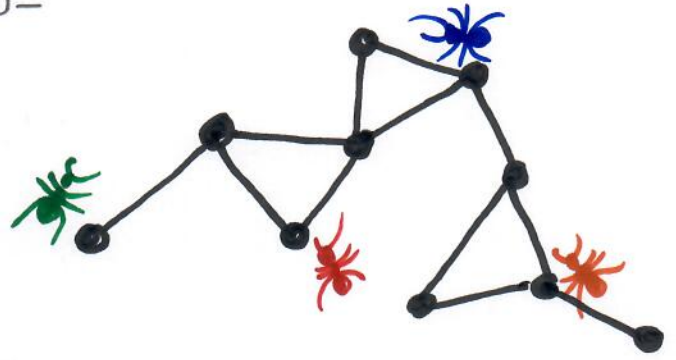
given initial area ($R(t=0)$) and rates of spread & cleaning work.

DEMO OF COOPERATIVE
CLEANING

"FAIR, BALLOON-PATROLLING"

Here the ENVIRONMENT is a GRAPH (which has, by assumption, a Hamiltonian path). AGENTS are using pheromones which enable them

- to leave traces at vertices and/or edges, traces that evaporate in time
- traces enable agents to tell whether they or others visited a location, and how long ago.
- all agents run the same algorithm: try to expand "your connected patrol region" by conquering new vertices if "your pressure" higher than "other agent pressure - measured by other pheromone intensity"



RESULTS:

- AS PATROL-REGIONS EXPAND and A(GE)NT PHEROMONE PRESSURES EQUALIZE, WE OBTAIN A FAIR (ALMOST EQUAL-SIZE) PARTITION OF THE ENVIRONMENT GRAPH INTO K (= # of A(GE)NTS) CONNECTED SUB-GRAPHS.
- CONVERGENCE TO A STABLE PARTITION IS GUARANTEED!

BALLOON PATROLLING
DEMO



CONCLUDING REMARKS

- MULTI-AGENT SWARMS
A DISTRIBUTED ANT-ROBOTICS
IS AN EXCITING INFINITELY
EXPANDABLE RESEARCH AREA.
- THE PROBLEMS ARISING ARE
DIFFICULT, FUN A INTERESTING
- LOTS OF APPLICATIONS CAN
BE ENVISIONED

So.... Come & join the field

